

Two Ways of making Money

| | |
|------------------------------------|------|
| No. 1. One Silver Watch..... | \$10 |
| 2. One Cassety Ring..... | 5 |
| 3. One pair Patent made in measure | 5 |
| 4. One pair of Port Wine Glasses | 5 |
| Take selected by the winner... | 5 |

The above prizes will be paid to persons drawing in the above


BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Federer Canal, near the
Rudolph's Mill, by the first day of August, 1881.

The bark must be either
White or Black Oak,
in good condition, and of this year's planting.
The person bringing the best bark will obtain
the first prize; the one bringing the next large
amount will receive the second prize, and so on.
We will pay
The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered
January 31st.

Just received by Railroad



4,000 One Gallon STONEWARE M
PANS,
6,000 Gallons do Assorted Ware.
11 Crates assorted Queensware.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN

PLANK DEEDS and MORTGAGES
For Sale at the SENTINEL OFFICE, at ~~low~~
Prices.

TIN and Spiced Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. All mending and jibbing done at
BR NDRIF

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, and

**The Latest Financial News
From New York**

If that owing to the scarcity of money, Goods
be bought very low, and that

SCHWEGMAN

has laid in a tremendous stock, which he will
give away to his customers.

He is now opening his assortment, which inclu

all kinds of
Fall and Winter Goods
 DRESS GOODS of all the newest styles,
 Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Suits, J. Jeans, Linen
 and Flannels, and every description of
 FANCY GOODS.
Groceries.
 A large Stock at reduced Prices.
Hardware, Queensware, Wood

Ware, Nails, Glass, &c.
All of which will be sold low for Cash or Produce
Oct 31, 1857.

FORT WAYNE
ERCANTILE INSTITUTE
Corner Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts. t Way
THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from
experience and success in Teaching

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to execute any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street.

and will remain permanently connected with
Institution.
Students are taught individually, and not in class
therefore they can enter at any time, and advance
the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:
For full Commercial Course, including Practi-
cal Penmanship \$2
For same with Ornamental Penmanship 3
Catalogues sent on application

C. J. DIETRICH, Pres.

Fr. Wayne, Feb. 16

JOHN ORFF S. LA

EMPIRE MILLS

AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,
FOUR WAYNE.

THE subscriber, having taken the Stone Mill
lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to
run a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour
barged in and

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and
 constantly on hand.
 The highest Market Price paid for good
 Wheat.
 Feb 1, 1856
 ORFF & LACEY
GUNS! GUNS!


SMITH & CO.,
Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,
DEALERS in double and single barre Shot Gun
 Revolvers and in Pistols, Powder, Shot,
 Caps. Guns neatly repaired.
GUNSMITHS furnished with materials at
 Prices.

Store on south side Columbia street, three d
east of Clinton.

Increased Twist Target Rifles made to o
and warranted to perform according to the an
scale:

| | | |
|---|---|---------|
| At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot. | | |
| 200 " | " | 2 1/2 " |
| 300 " | " | 5 " |
| 400 " | " | 8 " |

Aug. 27

SMITH & C
7-8

Steam Elevators
Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane
FORT WAYNE.
PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse
and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCallister
are prepared to do a
Commission & Forwarding Business
and will promptly attend to all goods and produce
entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL,
 on hand.
 The highest price paid for Grain a
 produce.
 Fort Way 18th, 1855.
 v48

A LARGE assortment of Cloths, Cambric,
 Satinets, Twines, JEANS and RUPLES, for
 cheap by
 GEORGE & BUTLEDGE

A GENERAL assortment of Groceries and
 WARE.
 WARE.
 WARE.

Oct 10, 1857. **GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE**
FEATHERS—500 lbs. Live Geese Feathers
 April 14, 1857. **CH. R. SCHWAB**

GROCERIES.
 IN the line of Groceries, we will undertake to supply all Jews and Gentiles, both—Tea, 50 cts. per lb. 75 cts.; Sugar, 10 a 12 1/2 cts.; Coffee, 12 1/2 cts. per lb. Call in and get a bargain while they are cheap.

Oct. 10, 1857. **GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE**
TRIMMINGS—The richest and best assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, Braids, Glins, and of all the Fancy Goods ever brought to Fort Wayne, now be found in **J. & C. CONIFF**
1000 LBS. Colored and White CARB WARP.
H. E. SCHWESMAN

PRINTING PAPER.
HILL & JACOBS keep on hand the following sizes of Printing paper of superior quality: 22x32, 22x34, 24x34, 34x56, 25x38, 26x40.
Fort Wayne, May 8th, 1887.

PRINTING INK.
JUST received at HILL'S BOOK STORE, a supply of Light's celebrated Navy Blue Ink, in 32lb, 50lb, and 60lb kegs.
Callous Street, Dec. 1866.

1

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLELL, of Morgan.
Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
Treasurer of State,
NATHANIEL F. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo.
Superintendent of Public Instruction,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen.
Attorney General,
JOSEPH E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
For Supreme Judges,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion.
ANDREW DAVISON, of Decatur.
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1858.

Hon. J. J. EVANS, U. S. Senator from South Carolina, died very suddenly in Washington on Thursday night. He was in his seat in the Senate that day, apparently in his usual good health.

The Governor of North Carolina has appointed Mr. CLINGMAN, M. C., of that state U. S. Senator, in place of Mr. FERG, resigned.

We have received from Mr. Case, our Representative, several congressional speeches, chiefly on Kansas and Leecompton, which might be interesting to some happy individual who had never heard any thing on that most delectable and novel subject, but are not particularly amusing to us. We have not been favored during this whole session, with a single public document worth acknowledging.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Monday next the trains will leave the Depot in this city as follows:

Going West.—Mail Train, 5:40 P. M.; Express, 5:30 A. M.
Going East.—Mail Train, 5:45 A. M.; Express, 2:15 P. M.

Our City Election last Tuesday passed off very quietly, and resulted in the election of all the regular democratic ticket, except the City Clerk.—Mr. Volkbe being elected by 37 votes. The vote was very light, being nearly 400 short of that of last year. There was no excitement and politics seemed to have but little to do with the matter, votes being given more from personal than political considerations. Maj. W. H. Lick was elected Treasurer, S. McElric, Engineer, and Joseph Price, Assessor, without opposition. P. McGee was re-elected Marshal by a large majority. J. C. Davis, Clerk; Charles Baker, Street Commissioner; W. H. Ruckhill, S. Edsall and T. Tigar, School Trustees; and J. S. Irwin, J. M. Miller, J. F. Follinger, O. D. Hurd, and Chris. Baker, Common Councilmen. The official vote will be found in another column.

The question of lighting the city with gas was decided by a large majority in favor of continuing the present arrangement of paying the expense out of the general funds of the city, but with an understanding that the lamps were to be extended as rapidly as the gas company might find it practicable to lay down additional pipes.

Mr. English's Bill Passed.—We are rejoiced to be able to announce that Mr. English's Compromise Bill for the admission of Kansas has at length passed both Houses of Congress and been signed by the President. The bill was carried by a vote, majority in each branch of Congress, Mr. Davis being the only democratic Representative from this state who voted against it.

This highly interesting question is now before us for ever, put at rest. If the people of Kansas ratify the Leecompton constitution, with the modification in the land grant made by this bill, then the question is disposed of, and taken entirely out of Congress. If they should reject the constitution, then they have to wait until they have a population sufficient to entitle them to a Representative and the agitation may be kept up for years.

We do not pretend to predict the result. We believe the people of Kansas, if left to themselves, would accept the constitution, either the Union as it stands, or after amendment, the constitution to suit themselves. But, outside influence may prevent this. Kansas agitation is the whole political capital of the present small fry class of Republican and abolitionist politicians, and they will use every means to prolong the strife, and let Kansas bleed until the next Presidential election. We have some hopes that the people of Kansas are getting tired of being made the puppets of action for themselves, and may have sense enough to act for themselves, study their own interests and happiness, and come quietly into the Union at once; but we must confess that the past experience of the power of the agitators in that benighted region, and the unscrupulous means they employ to carry their projects and prevent any settlement of Kansas difficulties, almost forbid the hope that this question will be allowed to settle.

A copy of Mr. English's bill will be found in our first page, which we commend to the attentive perusal of our readers. We have no reason for any further remarks this week—nor do we suppose any are required. There has been enough already said on the matter.

Circuit Court.—We announced the proceedings of the Circuit Court last week up to the first inst. Since then the following state cases have been disposed of:

Hez Harvey, charged with 3 years State Prison. J. K. Ketter, charged with 3 years State Prison. John Smith, charged with 3 years State Prison. Archibald Blair, charged with 3 years State Prison. Solomon Piller, charged with 3 years State Prison. These cases were all sent to State Prison.

There has been an unusual interest manifested during the term of the Court, so much so that the Court House is constantly filled with people. The case of Colin was the most exciting which has been in this Court for some time. The Court remaining in session until two o'clock in the morning.

The Grand Jury adjourned on Thursday, having returned thirty six indictments most of which, however, are against parties who have fled the State. In this they have acted on the truth of the old adage, "A man of honor is better than a pound of ore." The Grand Jury also again reported the jail unsafe. We copy their report from the record.

State of Indiana Allen County: At Allen Circuit Court, April Term, 1858. The Grand Jury for the State of Indiana present that they have examined the County Jail and find several prisoners confined therein, and also find it well kept, and with which no fault is to be found. That the jail is insecure, and yet to render it safe will require great expense. That in the present repairs are made of a general nature to render the said jail safe, we recommend another door at the main entrance to the door that enters from the main hall.

The Fort Wayne Republican, edited by P. P. Bailey Esq.

made its first appearance on Thursday, and will hereafter be issued every Wednesday. It is a large, respectable looking sheet, and will be a zealous advocate of republican doctrines—whatever they may happen to be. Mr. B is a warm republican, and "itches in" as earnestly as if he actually believed what he writes about disunion, pro slavery, Leecompton juggle, &c. He will make a good republican editor, and deserve the warm support of that party and its auxiliary factions. Peculiarly we wish our new brother success, and a full realization of his most sanguine and rose colored anticipations of the pleasure, profits, and honors attendant upon a seat on the editorial tripod.

Governor of Kansas.—The President has appointed Secretary Denver Governor of Kansas Territory and Mr. Walsh, of Mississippi, Secretary.

The use of baths is now becoming so general that no good house is considered complete without having a bath room and other water conveniences attached. Our readers will be gratified to learn that an experienced and skillful plumber, thoroughly versed in every thing relative to pumps, baths, water pipes, and lead work in general, has located his shop here, with a design of making Fort Wayne his permanent residence, if he receive sufficient patronage. Persons needing anything of this kind may call on Mr. Ogden, at his residence on Main, between Cass and Harrison streets, with perfect assurance that they will have their work skillfully and thoroughly done, and on reasonable terms—as he guarantees in all cases to give entire satisfaction before receiving his pay. See his advertisement in another column.

Important Notice to the Ladies.—On Monday, May 10th, the grandest display of Spring and Summer Millinery, Straw Goods, Mantillas, Ribbons, Flowers, &c. surpassing any thing ever yet shown in this city, will be opened at KIN'S New Bonnet Emporium, Calhoun-street.

Ladies' Ambrosotype Rooms.—Mrs. Benham has engaged the rooms next door to the Sentinel Office and purposes taking likenesses of ladies and children, which she is prepared to do in the best style. Mrs. B is thoroughly acquainted with the art, takes beautiful pictures, and will doubtless receive many calls from ladies wishing likenesses, as they will naturally prefer to be waited upon by one of their own sex, and must feel inclined to support this step in the right direction towards the establishment of woman's rights and the equality of the sexes.

GRAND CIRCUS EXHIBITION.—Messrs. Nixon & Kemp's grand consolidated circus, an union of two companies, one English and the other American, will be exhibited here on Tuesday next. The national rivalry of these performers induces all to do their utmost, and as each company contains many excellent performers, the exhibition will be, perhaps the best ever seen here. The celebrated steam Callopie, a monstrous, mammoth steam organ, can be heard several miles, and is said to make excellent music, accompanies this circus; also two splendid brass bands. We have no room to say more, but for further particulars refer the reader to the advertisements in another column.

Postponed.—We are desired to give notice that in consequence of the storm on Tuesday evening last the CONCERT, or Rehearsal of the Summit City Harmonic Society has been postponed until Monday evening next, May 10th.

Tobacco, Whiskey and Western R. R.—The business on this road shows a gratifying increase. The receipts for the past April as compared with April, 1857, are—

| | April, 1857 | April, 1858. |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Passengers | \$17,872 94 | \$21,635 09 |
| Freight | 29,170 93 | 68,604 53 |
| Mail and Exp. | 2,253 00 | 3,073 00 |
| Total | \$50,296 87 | \$93,312 62 |
| Increase | | \$43,015 75 |

Official Vote at the Fort Wayne City Election, May 2d, 1858.

| | 1st Ward | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | Total |
|---------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Marshal | | | | | | |
| P. McGee | 162 | 186 | 180 | 52 | 70 | 650 |
| G. Christlieb | 19 | 56 | 69 | 45 | 27 | 216 |

McGee's majority..... 434

Clerk.

| | F. H. Wilke | 66 | 124 | 154 | 25 | 40 | 419 |
|--|-------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| | J. C. Davis | 106 | 113 | 112 | 87 | 58 | 476 |

Davis' majority..... 57

Street Com'.

| | C. Baker | 128 | 145 | 161 | 35 | 62 | 528 |
|--|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| | J. Ryan | 34 | 75 | 94 | 77 | 32 | 312 |

Baker's majority..... 216

School Trustees.

| | W. Ruckhill | 181 | 229 | 266 | 111 | 100 | 887 |
|--|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | S. Edsall | 128 | 145 | 161 | 35 | 62 | 528 |
| | J. Tigar | 131 | 155 | 162 | 39 | 64 | 551 |
| | J. Humphrey | 62 | 99 | 113 | 89 | 66 | 429 |

Trustees elected.

| | For G. | 66 | 156 | 187 | 78 | 71 | 558 |
|--|------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| | Against G. | 106 | 62 | 51 | 10 | 20 | 252 |

Majority in favor of G..... 306

COMMON COUNCILMEN.

| | 1st Ward—J. S. Irwin | 111 |
|--|----------------------|-----|
| | G. Collier | 67 |
| | J. M. Miller | 134 |
| | B. E. Tower | 11 |

Irwin's maj. 44.
Miller's maj. 20.
Follinger's maj. 26.
Anderson 40.
Hurd's maj. 32.
No opposition.

A Great Fraud.—We have received a communication, which the Cincinnati Herald, dated Monday, April 27th, has published, in relation to a certain "American Homestead Land Company," whose headquarters are located at Washington, and whose advertisements, exclusively in country papers, that for \$5 received the purchaser will have a chance of from forty to one thousand acres of land in Wisconsin. Various prominent gentlemen are referred to, including some thirty members of Congress, and ex-Governors of Wisconsin. Among others, 25 Governor Randall, who, having been applied to by sundry purchasers of these chances, for information, has published a letter in the Madison (Wis.) Journal, saying that he knows nothing of the matter, has not authorized the use of his name, and has no doubt the whole affair is a swindle.

This "American Homestead Land Company" is a long advertisement for inserting in country papers. We suspected the affair to be a swindle, and declined aiding it by publishing the notice.

Queen Victoria is said to be meditating a trip to Canada this summer. The London Times says:

CONGRESSIONAL.

Passage of the Compromise Kansas Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 30.
HOUSE.—Mr. English, of Ind., called up the regular order, being the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on the Kansas bill.

Mr. Campbell referred to the facts that about twenty anti-Leecompton Democrats were pledged on a high point of personal honor to stand to the end by the Montgomery and Crittenden amendment in company with the Republicans. Mr. Groesbeck, of Ohio, replied that he had made no such pledge, and had no such understanding or constitution.

Mr. Campbell replied that he did not meet with what were known as anti Leecompton Democrats, and whether or not a committee was not appointed with power to represent and speak for them to another body?

Mr. Jones replied that he met on one or two occasions with certain Democrats, but no committee of kind was appointed or authorized to pledge his vote on any subject.

Mr. Campbell then asked him whether the bill submitted the constitution to a vote of the people. Mr. Jones replied that he was willing to let the people construe that for themselves.

Mr. Bonham moved the previous question, but the House refused to order a call of the House. The demand for the previous question was seconded.

The Speaker repeatedly rapped and called to order. During the roll call the House was remarkably quiet.

The result, on adopting the Kansas report was yeas 112, nays 103. [Applause, accompanied by hisses.]

Yeas—Ahl, Anderson, Atkins, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Boscaw, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Carothers, Caskey, Clark of Ala., Clay, Clements, Clingman, Cobb, John Cochrane, Cockrell, Corning, Cox, Craig, of Mo., Craig of N. C., Crawford, Currie, Davidson, Dowdell, Edmundson, Elliot, English, Eustis, Florence, Foley, Garrett, Gillis, Gilmer, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, Groesbeck, Hall, Hatch, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Huyler, Jackson, Jones, Jovett, Jones, J. C. Jones, Owen Jones, Keith, Kunkel, of Ala., Lamar, Landis, Lawrence, Leidy, Letcher, Macay, McQueen, Maynard, Miles, Miller, Milton, Moore, Niblack, Pendleton, Peyton, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Reed, Reagan, Riley, Rufin, Russell, Sandiego, Seales, Scott, Seaward, Seward, Shaw, of N. C., Shorter, Skelton, Singleton, Smith, of Tenn., Smith, of Va., Stallworth, Stephens, Stow, Sherman, of N. Y., Smith, of Ill., White, Whitely, Winslow, Wood, Wortlick, Wright of Ga., Wright, of Tenn., Zollinger.

Nays—Abbott, Adams, Andrews, Barnett, Billingsworth, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Bonham, Brynton, Burlington, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Chaffee, Chapman, Clark of Conn., Clark of N. Y., Clawson, C. B. Cochrane, Coffey, Conner, Cordes, Cragin, Curtis, Dammert, Davis of Mass., JOHN G. DAVIS, of Indiana, Dawes, Dean, Dick, Dodd, Duffie, Eddy, of Pa., Fenton, Foster, Giddings, Gilmer, Good, Goodwin, Granger, Hall of Ala., Harris, Harris of Ill., Haskin, Hoad, Hickman, Howard, Kellogg, Kelsey, Kilgore, Knapp, Leitch, Leiter, Lovjoy, McKibbin, Marshall, of Illinois, Marshall of Kentucky, Morgan, Morris, of Pa., Morris, of Illinois, Morse, of Mo., Morse, of N. Y., Mott, Murray, Nichols, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Porter, Pottle, Quinlan, Rieand, Robbins, Roberts, Royce, Shaw, of Ill., Sherman, of Ohio, Sherman, of N. Y., Smith, of Ill., Spinner, Stewart, of Pa., Tappan, Thayer, Tompkins, Underwood, Wade, Wallbridge, Waldron, Watson, Washburne, of Ill., Washburne, of Mo., Wilson—103.

Mr. English moved to reconsider the vote by which the report was agreed to, and lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, demanded the yeas and nays.

A motion agrees to—yeas 103 against 100.

A message was received from the Senate, with the announcement of the concurrence of that body in the report of the committee of conference on the Kansas bill.

SENATE.—Mr. Doolittle of Wisconsin, read from the Secretary of Gov. Geary, the history of Kansas to show in reply to the remarks of Mr. Pugh yesterday that the population has diminished from the deeds of violence committed.

Mr. Pugh replied, after which Mr. Seward took the floor.

Mr. Bigler announced that the bill had passed the House.

Considerable excitement was manifested in the galleries and on the floor.

Mr. Seward resumed saying that the announcement caused him no discouragement. It was in no matter practically, whether it was the last defeat or first victory.

After much explanation, by Mr. Bigler and Cameron as to the order of the vote, the question was then taken. Yeas 31, nays 27.

YEAS—Messrs. Allen, Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Briggs, Bright, Brown, Clay, Davis, Evans, Green, Gray, Hammond, Houston, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson, (Ark.) Johnson (Tenn.) Jones, Kennedy, Malory, Mason, Polk, Pugh, Sebastian, Thompson, (N. J.) Thomas, Wright, Yates—30.

NAYS—Messrs. Clark, Cameron, Chandler, Collamer, Crittenden, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Seward, Simmons, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson—27.

Paired.—Clark with Pearce, Fitch with Sumner. Absent.—Clark, who is sick, Bates, Henderson, Reid, Thompson, Ky.

WASHINGTON, May 4.
HOUSE.—Mr. Clingman, of N. C., from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, report a preamble that whereas, the treaty between the U. S. and Great Britain, designated as the Clayton Bulwer treaty, is, under the interpretation placed upon it by Great Britain, a surrender of the rights of this country, and an American construction, an onerous alliance, without mutual advantage, benefit or restriction, and has been productive only of misunderstanding and controversy between the two governments; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to take such steps as may be, in his judgment, best calculated to effect the speedy abrogation of said treaty.

Mr. Ritchie, of Pa., said there was not an unanimous report of the committee and no proper time he desired to be heard on the subject.

Mr. Clingman made that the consideration of the subject be postponed till to-morrow. He had a personal reason, independent of a public one, for making the request.

Mr. Clark of Ind., moved to lay the subject on the table. The House refused to order a call of the House.

The consideration was then postponed until to-morrow and the Senate bill for the admission of Minnesota was taken up.

HOUSE.—Mr. Clingman reported on that part of the President's message relative to Paulding's seizure of Walker, in effect, condemning that act; but declaring that no proceedings were necessary on the part of Congress.

Mr. Ritchie gave notice of a substitute returning thanks to Paulding, his officers and men.

Mr. Burksdale intended to offer a resolution that Walker's seizure was without authority, and merits the condemnation of the House.

Mr. Ritchie, from Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a resolution authorizing the adoption of measures to procure a satisfactory settlement of our difficulties with Paraguay.

The Minnesota bill was debated, and without action, the House adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Mason's resolution in regard to Paraguay was taken up. Mr. Collier's amendment, offered some days since, to take the clause authorizing the President to employ force, was voted on and carried 31 against 19. Thereupon the motion the subject was tabled.

The bill introduced by Mr. Harlan, permitting certain Hungarians settled in Iowa to preempt their homesteads was passed.

The bill for the repeal of the Fishing Bounties was taken up.

Mr. Clay made a lengthy speech, giving the statistics of the Cod fisheries. He demanded the repeal of the bounties because they are unconstitutional, unjust, demoralizing and have signally failed to accomplish the object for which they were originated. The subject was postponed till to-morrow.

Mr. Douglas made an ineffectual effort to have the Oregon bill taken up.

Mr. Johnson's, of Tenn., printing bill was read and Mr. J. explained its object, saying that it economizes a million of dollars annually, besides imposing checks on extravagance and plunder.

A majority of amendments, ensued, resulting in the passing of the bill, which was then read by the inserting of the motion of Mr. Iverson in section 10th, that the binder must be a practical workman. The bill passed. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 5.
SENATE.—The Vice President noted the Senate of the resignation of Senator Biggs, of N. C.

Mr. Mason's resolution in regard to Paraguay was taken up and a vote called. Mr. Collier's amendment, precluding the President from using force, was lost, 25 against 13. The resolution was then passed in its original form.

On motion of Mr. Douglas the bill for the admission of Oregon was read.

Mr. Mason, of Va. was ignorant that Oregon possessed sufficient population or can afford to pay the charges of a government.

Mr. Doug's amendment to the Constitution was 7,000, which would indicate 55,000 population although it was probably correct, as by less than 10,000 more than the number with which we admitted Kansas.

Mr. Seward—Did I understand the Senator to say that we admitted Kansas?

Mr. Douglas—I will answer the Senator very unequivocally. So far as this Congress is concerned, we have admitted Kansas. If she desires to come in under a bill, then out she goes, and conclude. If she does not so desire, then we have not.

The bill was discussed by Benjamin, Fessenden, Wace, Mason, Green and others. Without taking the question, the Senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 3.
Senator Biggs was to-day confirmed by the Senate, as Judge of the U. S. District Court of N. C. in place of Henry Potter, recently deceased, who occupied the station 25 years, and who was appointed by Thomas Jefferson.

The nomination of Judge Loring of Mass. to supply the vacancy in the Court of Claims, occasioned by the death of Judge Gilchrist, was communicated to the Senate by the President to-day. Nearly all the Democrats united in the request for his appointment.

The bill also to-day nominated at Solicitor of the Court of Claims, in place of Montgomery Blair, removed. These two nominations have not yet been acted upon.

The object of Mr. Grow in asking leave to-day to introduce a joint resolution in the House to prevent the sale of the public lands under a proclamation of the President until 10 years after survey, was to prevent speculators from absorbing the lands, leaving the pre-emption laws as they now exist.

The Democratic Senators will hold a caucus to-morrow morning in relation to the course to be pursued to facilitate public business.

The Cass-Venezuela treaty has been communicated to the Senate but no action has as yet been taken thereon.

The bill introduced by Senator Kennedy to-day and referred to the Committee on Post Offices, proposes to establish a line of mail steamers between the ports of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Liverpool, touching at Norfolk and Savannah. The Post Master General is authorized to contract with Ambrose V. Thompson to establish the line, which is to consist of six iron steamers of not less than three thousand tons each. The Secretary of the Treasury is to receive bonds at the U. S. Treasury 5 per cent. coupons, payable semi-annually and the principal in twenty years to the amount of two thirds of the cost. The building of the ships is to be paid for from time to time as the work progresses and that amount is to be returned to the Treasury in annual payments of 10 per cent, commencing at the end of the second year and continuing until the debt is paid. The compensation to be \$25,000 for a complete year, and out back. The amount advanced is to be secured by a mortgage lien on the steamers.

The contract is to be for ten years regular service, which is to commence a year from the date of the contract.

It is said the President prepared a message on the affairs of Utah, which would have been sent to Congress, but has been held back, as it was dependent on the support of the expedition to the territory.

The report of a forthcoming message on Cuban affairs, is revived, but it can be traced to no authentic source.

WASHINGTON, May 4.
The President signed the Kansas bill yesterday.

Mr. Davis of Miss. has a bill nearly perfected, giving 160 acres bounty land to privatesmen in the war of 1812.

Humphrey Marshall will soon introduce a resolution to have the State of a naval battalion, on the principle of the canal batteries employed in the east.

WASHINGTON, May 3.
Governor Walker on the English Submarine.—Governor Walker, in his recent letter to the Hon. Cox and Lawrence, says that the Conference Kansas bill, as interpreted by him, was in precise conformity with his views and course; not only in Kansas, but since his return, and is following the path which duty and conscience bade him, he must support it. He adds: "The old Leecompton Convention, born in fraud and backed by bribery, will be defeated by the overwhelming vote of the people of Kansas, thus demonstrating by practical result the truth of my interpretation. This bill does in fact subvert the constitution to the popular suffrage for ratification or rejection; which is all I have required. With such a bill and such a decision of that bill of people under it, no formidable obstacle will be again made to withdrawal from the people of inch State a right for or against the ratification or rejection of the State constitution; the obnoxious doctrine of constitutional sovereignty will be abandoned."

According to the report of the Commissioner of Pensions, the Pension bill of Mr. Sarag as it is now shaped, will call for about \$1,000,000, and it is thought, the anticipated amendments will swell this amount to nearly \$2,000,000.

In compliance with urgent representations from Kansas the President has decided to postpone the land sales in that Territory.

John Johnson has been appointed Marshal for the Northern District of Ohio, in place of Jabez Fitch.

WASHINGTON, May 6.
The President has not yet designated his accretion to the land under regions, nor is it probable that he will so designate them, but make the necessary appropriation for their support. The estimates are not yet made. This determination of the President has caused great disappointment to western men, who were led to believe that regiments would be accepted as soon the difficulty was passed.

In the Democratic caucus of the House mentioned to-day, Mr. Stephens offered a resolution, to have the line of a bill decided by hereafter no State shall be admitted into the Union until it has a population sufficient for one Representative. Mr. Clark offered an amendment that Kansas be excepted. This amendment was opposed by Stephens and others and strenuously supported by Mr. Clark, and carried by two majority. Stephens then withdrew his resolution.

The Anti-Leecompton Democrats, who stood out to the last, are preparing an address to the people in vindication of their course.

Speech of Mr. Bright, of Indiana.
We have forborne to notice editorially the speech of the distinguished Senator from Indiana, Mr. Bright, upon the Kansas question, in the hope that the distinguished Senator would not, in our columns. So, however, has the pressure upon them that we have had no opportunity, without serious inconvenience, to publish it, which we the more regret as it is an admirable production, full worthy a general circulation and perusal. It is an effort which, whether we like it or not, is clear, elegant style, its chaste diction, its dignified and high Senatorial style, which is one of the most noticeable and noble that the discussion of the subject has given rise to. It is well worthy the high reputation of its distinguished author. The contrast between this elevated and statesmanlike production and the effusions of the Wades, Wilsons, Trumbulls and others upon the subject, makes a sad and painful contrast, which we are compelled to publish, as it is entirely free from them, substituting in its place dignified and argument—great, indeed, and will strike the reader with overwhelming force.

A considerable portion of Senator Bright's speech is devoted to a defense of our representative theory of government, which is assailed with much violence and passion by the opponents of the adoption of the Leecompton Constitution, under the plausible, but fallacious, idea that popular sovereignty cannot be delegated, and that it is not entitled to respect when exercised by the legally chosen delegates of the people.

Mr. Bright shows how entirely opposed are such theories to our American principles and practices, which are all based upon the representative idea. In all he says as regards the Leecompton Constitution and its legality, we concur, and in much of his philosophy we respect the general nature of constitutions and laws, his doctrine have our assent. We think, however, that he carries a correct principle too far, in maintaining that constitutions should never be submitted to the people; for we believe there are often cases where such a procedure is proper and necessary.

In the practical question we entirely agree with him. Congress has no more authority to dictate the terms of a State Constitution than it has to dictate the terms of a State or direct votes, any more than it has to what it shall contain, except to see that it is republican. A though the question is the present subject, the points discussed in Mr. Bright's speech are of permanent interest, and we shall endeavor yet to find room for it in our columns.—Ch. Eng

Arrival of the Anglo-Saxon.

QUEBEC, May 2.
The steamship Anglo-Saxon, with dates from Liverpool to the 21st ult., four days later than those furnished by the Arabia, passed the telegraph station at River du Loup this afternoon. The company of passengers arrived on the ship, and the Vanderbilt reached Southampton on the 20th ult. The budget brought from the British Parliament shows a deficiency of £4,000,000. The ministry has recommended the postponement of some payment and the taxation of Irish whiskey and the stamping of bankers' checks.

At a dinner given at London, on Monday, April 19th, the opinion of the law officers of the crown was announced in relation to the seizure of the steamer Cagliari by the Government of Naples. Two of the law officers pronounced the seizure legal, and the third declared it illegal. Under these circumstances the government thinks that any strong measures against Naples would not be desirable at present. In the House of Commons, a motion for leave to bring in a bill to limit Parliament to three years was defeated by 197 majority. Sir De Lacy Evans and Lord Palmerston had complaint of the removal of Lord Howden from the Embassy at Madrid. Mr. Fitzgerald defended the government. Mr. Reuben gave notice that he intended to ask the government if it meant to proceed with the conspiracy indictment against Barnard. Messrs. Robert Brown & Co., of London, importers of Australian trade, have suspended, with liabilities amounting to £40,000 sterling. It is reported, but not generally credited, that Queen Victoria is to meet the Emperor Napoleon at the railway field at Chislehurst. The acquittal of Barnard had caused great sensation in France. The Paris Monitor did not publish the result when it was first known, and several journals confessed that they dare not publish the speech of the prisoner's counsel. Other journals have garbled reports of the trial. A Paris correspondent says that the Emperor and his advisers do not regard the matter with indifference, but no exciting language will be employed by the French press. There has been a slight improvement to the trade of Paris and the Departments. The Convention Bill was being promulgated in the Sardinian Chamber of Deputies.

Arrival of the Europa.

LIVERPOOL, May 4.
The steamship Europa, from Liverpool, of the 24th ult., arrived here at 10 o'clock to-day. Breadstuffs

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!
Two Ways of making Money!!

| | |
|--|------|
| No. 1, One Silver Watch..... | \$10 |
| 2, One Canary Bird..... | 5 |
| 3, One pr Boudoir measures to measure to | 5 |
| 4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper | |
| total selected by the winner..... | 5 |

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt.

Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1867.
The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,
in good condition, and of this year's peeling.
The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.—
We will pay
The living best Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered.
January 31st.

Just received by Railroad!



1000 Gallons GALLON STONEWARE MILK
4,000 PARS.
6,000 Gallons do Assorted Ware.
11 Crates assorted Queensware.

J. H. SCHWEGMAN

PLANK DEALERS AND MORTGAGES
For Sale at the SENTINEL Office, at **Edwards**

Prices.

TIN and Lapped Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. All ordering and jobbing done at.

BE NDRIFF.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves.

BE NDRIFF.

The latest Financial News

From New York

It is that owing to the scarcity of money, Goods can be bought very low, and that

SCHWEGMAN

has laid in a tremendous stock, which he will almost give away to his customers.

He is now opening his assortment, which includes all kinds of

Fall and Winter Goods,

DRESS GOODS of all the newest styles, Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Sattinets, Hats, Linings and Planells, and every description of

FANCY GOODS.

Groceries.
A large Stock at reduced Prices.
Hardware, Queensware, Wood
Ware, Nails, Glass, &c
All of which will be sold low for Cash or Produce.
Oct 31, 1857.

FORT WAYNE
ERCANTILE INSTITUTE
remix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts. - 1st Way.

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from its
large number of students, and superior Teacher and Practi-
cal Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the
mercantile here, afforded to young men for qualifying
themselves for the counting room, and various other
mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar
institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough, and practical
and embracing by single and double
entry, and its application to the various branches of
trade, as now practised by the most accomplished
and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely
new and superior plan enabling the student to be
as much more self-reliant, in less time than he

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is a carefully selected, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, and is so arranged as to effect the acquisition of any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen are desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will and are admitted to the course, and are receiving this systematic instruction in the most judicious manner.

The thorough and extensive source of instruction embodied in the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the neatness and order, the pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an acquaintance with the art.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquiring themselves more thoroughly with business writing, the principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the men, having a separate entrance from the street, and will remain permanently connected with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes, therefore they can enter, at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

For full Commercial Course, including Practi-
cal Penmanship **\$25.00**
For same with Ornamental Penmanship **37.00**
✱ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DISTRICH, Prin.
P. O. Box 103
St. Wayne, Feb. 16. S. L. 1896
JOHN OFFER.


EMPIRE MILLS
AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,
FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills,
lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to
run a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour de-
livered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders
can be either at the Mill or at the Store No. 1
Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and an-
ciently on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound
Wheat.

ORFF & LACEY
Feb-1, 1896

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of
Columbia St.,
three doors east
of Clinton.

SMITH & CO.
Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barre Shot Guns,
Rifles and Cartridges, Powder, Shot and
Caps. Guns neatly repaired and
GUNS^{MITHS} furnished with materials at Low
Prices.
Store on south side Columbia street, three doors
east of Clinton.
We increased Twist Target Rifles made to order
and intended to perform according to the annexed
scale:

| | |
|---|-------|
| A 1100 yards, an average of 1-inch each shot. | |
| 300 " | " 2 " |
| 200 " | " 3 " |
| 100 " | " 4 " |
| 400 " | " 5 " |

SMITH & CO.
Aug. 27

Steam Elevators

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane
FORT WAYNE.
PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse
and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch,
are prepared to do a
Commission & Forwarding Business,
and will promptly attend to all goods and produce
consignments.
Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly
on hand.
The highest price paid for Grain and
produce.
Fort Way 18th, 1855. 46.

A LARGE assortment of Cloths, Cambrics,
Batiste, Towels, Jeans and Stripes for sale
cheap by
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

A GENERAL assortment of Groceries and Glass
ware, at
Oct 10, 1857. **GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.**

FEATHERS—500 lbs. Live Geese Freshly
Killed.
H. R. SCHWABMAN,
April 14, 1857.

GROCERIES.

In the line of Groceries, we will undersell the
Jews and Gentiles, both—**Ten; Soda Molasses**
75 Cts. 10 to 12 Cents a Gallon. In
Call in and get a bargain while they are
going.
OCT. 10, 1857. GRAHAM & BUTLER.

TRIMMINGS—The richest and best assortment
of Ribbons, Artificials, Brides' Gimp, and other
Fancy Goods ever brought to Fort Wayne.
now below cost. **J. & CORRE'S.**

1000 LBS. Colored and White CARPET
WARP.
H. K. SCHWEGMAN,

PRINTING PAPER.

HILL & JACOBS keep on hand the following
sizes of Printing paper of superior quality:
22x36, 22x34, 24x34, 24x36, 22x38, 26x40.
Fort Wayne, May 9th, 1857.

PRINTING INK.

JUST RECEIVED at HILL'S BOOK STORE, full
supply of Lightbody's celebrated News Ink,
No 1 and No 2.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCURE, of Morgan.
Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
Treasurer of State,
NATHANIEL F. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo.
Superintendent of Public Instruction,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen.
Attorney General,
JOSEPH E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
Chief Justice,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion.
Associate Justice,
ANDREW DAVISON, of Decatur.
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1858.

Hon. J. J. Evans, U. S. Senator from South Carolina, died yesterday in Washington on Thursday night. He was in the seat in the Senate that day, apparently in his usual good health.

The Governor of North Carolina has appointed Mr. C. C. Calhoun, of that state, U. S. Senator, in place of Mr. E. G. Smith.

We have received from Mr. C. C. Calhoun, several congressional speeches, which are interesting to some happy individuals who had never heard any thing on this most debatable and novel subject, but are not particularly interesting to us. We have not been favored during this whole session, with a single public document worth acknowledging.

Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.
Trains on Tuesdays and on other Monday days the train will leave the Depot in this city as follows:

Going West, Mail Train, 5:40 P. M.; Express, 5:50 A. M.
Going East, Mail Train, 5:45 A. M.; Express, 2:15 P. M.

Our City Election last Tuesday passed off very quietly, and resulted in the election of all the regular democratic ticket, except the City Clerk. Mr. Wolfe being defeated by 57 votes. The vote was very light, being nearly 400 short of that given last year. There was no excitement and politics seemed to have but little to do with the matter, votes being given more from personal than political considerations. Maj. W. H. Dick was elected Treasurer, S. McEllick, Engineer, and Joseph Price, Assessor, without opposition. J. C. Davis, Clerk; Charles Baker, Street Commissioner; W. Rockhill, J. E. Miller, J. T. Tigner, School Trustees; and J. S. Lewis, J. M. Miller, J. F. Fieffeler, J. D. Hurd, and Chris. Baker, Common Councilmen. The official vote will be found in another column.

The question of lighting the city with gas was decided by a large majority in favor of continuing the present arrangement of paying the expense out of the general funds of the city, but with an apparent understanding that the lamp-works to be extended as rapidly as the gas company might find it practicable to lay down additional pipes.

Mr. English's Bill Passed.
We are rejoiced to be able to announce that Mr. English's Compromise bill for the admission of Kansas has at length passed both Houses of Congress and been signed by the President. The bill was carried by nearly a majority in each branch of Congress, Mr. Davis being the only democratic Representative from this state who voted against it.

This much vexed question is now we hope for ever put at rest. If the people of Kansas ratify the Compromise constitution, with the modification in the land grant made by this bill, then the question is disposed of, and taken entirely out of Congress. If they should reject the constitution, then they have to wait until they have a population sufficient to entitle them to a Representative, and the agitation may be kept up for years. We do not pretend to predict the result. We believe the people of Kansas, if left to themselves, would accept the constitution, enter the Union as a state, and then alter and amend the constitution to suit themselves. But outside influence may prevent this. Kansas is small, the whole political capital of the present small fry of republican and abolitionist politicians, and they will use every means to prolong the strife, and let Kansas bleed until the next Presidential election. We have some hopes that the people of Kansas are getting tired of being made the pawns of outside politicians, and they are sensible enough to act for themselves, ready to take their own interests and happiness, and consequently into the Union at once; but we must confess that the past experience of the power of the agitators in that benighted region, and the unscrupulous means they employ to carry their objects and prevent any settlement of Kansas difficulties, almost forbid the hope that this question will be allowed to settle.

A copy of Mr. English's bill will be found in our first page, which we commend to the attention of our readers. We have no room for any further remarks this week—nor do we suppose any are required. There has been enough already said on the matter.

Official Vote at the Fort Wayne City Election, May 4th, 1858.

| | 1st Ward | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | Total |
|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| McGee | 162 | 156 | 189 | 52 | 70 | 629 |
| G. Christlieb | 19 | 36 | 68 | 15 | 27 | 216 |
| McGee's majority | | | | | | 443 |
| Clerk | | | | | | |
| J. H. Wolfe | 56 | 121 | 164 | 26 | 40 | 417 |
| J. C. Davis | 106 | 113 | 112 | 87 | 38 | 476 |
| Davis's majority | | | | | | 57 |
| Street Comr. | | | | | | |
| C. Baker | 128 | 145 | 161 | 32 | 62 | 528 |
| J. Ryan | 34 | 75 | 91 | 77 | 32 | 312 |
| Baker's majority | | | | | | 216 |
| School Trustees | | | | | | |
| W. Rockhill | 181 | 239 | 366 | 111 | 160 | 957 |
| J. E. Miller | 235 | 148 | 166 | 33 | 43 | 525 |
| J. T. Tigner | 121 | 161 | 162 | 39 | 41 | 324 |
| J. S. Lewis | 62 | 96 | 119 | 36 | 62 | 375 |
| Three Trustees elected | | | | | | |
| For Gas | 66 | 158 | 187 | 78 | 71 | 555 |
| Against Gas | 105 | 62 | 51 | 10 | 20 | 248 |
| Majority in favor of Gas | | | | | | 306 |
| COMMON COUNCILMEN. | | | | | | |
| 1st Ward—J. S. Irwin | 111 | | | | | 111 |
| G. Collier | 67 | | | | | 67 |
| J. M. Miller | 134 | | | | | 134 |
| B. F. Tower | 114 | | | | | 114 |
| Miller's majority | | | | | | 20 |
| J. F. Fieffeler | 166 | | | | | 166 |
| B. C. Schmidt | 80 | | | | | 80 |
| Fieffeler's majority | | | | | | 86 |
| O. D. Hurd | 72 | | | | | 72 |
| C. Anderson | 40 | | | | | 40 |
| Hurd's majority | | | | | | 32 |
| C. Baker | 95 | | | | | 95 |
| No question | | | | | | |

A Great Fraud.—We have received a communication, signed by the Rev. David H. Davis, dated Fort Wayne, relative to a pretended association called "American Home-land Land Company," whose headquarters are located at Washington, and which advertise, exclusively in country papers, that for \$5 received the purchaser will hold a chance of four to one thousand acres of land in Wisconsin. Various prominent gentlemen are mentioned, including some of the members of Congress, as having been deceived by this fraud. Among others, J. S. Governor Harris, David, who, having been applied to by sundry purchasers of these chances, for information, has published a letter in the Madison (Wis.) Journal, saying that he knows nothing of the matter, and has not authorized the use of his name, and has no doubt the whole affair is a fraud.

This "American Home-land Land Company" is a long advertisement for inserting in the papers, and is a fraud. We suspected the affair to be a swindle, and declined advertising it by publishing the notice.

Grand Jury.—The Grand Jury of this county, after having held their session for the term, adjourned on Thursday, having returned a bill of indictment against a number of persons, and a number of persons have been committed to jail.

There has been an unusual interest manifested in the trial of the case of the County Jail, and several persons have been present, and the trial has been held in the Court room, and the trial has been held in the Court room, and the trial has been held in the Court room.

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The Fort Wayne Republican, edited by P. P. Bailey Esq. made its first appearance on Thursday, and will hereafter be issued every Wednesday.

It is a large, respectable looking sheet, and will be a zealous advocate of republican doctrines—whatever they may happen to be. Mr. B. is a warm republican, and "pitches in" as earnestly as if he actually believed what he writes about disunion, pro slavery, secession, &c. &c. He will make a good republican editor, and deserves the warm support of that party and its auxiliary factions. Peculiarly we wish our new brother ample success, and a full realization of his most sanguine and well deserved anticipations of the pleasure, profit, and honors attendant upon a seat on the editorial tripod.

Governor of Kansas.—The President has appointed Secretary Denver Governor of Kansas Territory, and Mr. Walsh, of Mississippi, Secretary.

The use of balls is now becoming general, and in good hands is considered complete without having a bath room and other water conveniences attached. Our readers will be gratified to learn that an experienced and skillful plumber, thoroughly versed in every thing relative to pumps, baths, water pipes, and lead work in general, has located himself here, with a design of making Fort Wayne his permanent residence, if he receive sufficient patronage.

Persons needing anything of this kind may call on Mr. Ogden, at his residence on Main street, between Cass and Harrison streets, with perfect assurance that they will have their work skillfully and thoroughly done, and on reasonable terms, and be guaranteed in all cases to give entire satisfaction before receiving his pay. See his advertisement in another column.

Important Notice to the Ladies.—On Monday, May 10th, the grandest display of Spring and Summer Millinery—Straw Goods, Mantillas, Ribbons, Flowers, &c., surpassing any thing ever yet shown in this city, will be opened at KING'S New Bonnet Emporium, Calhoun-street.

Ladies' Hair Dressing.—Mrs. Benham has engaged the rooms next door to the Sentinel Office, and purposes taking likenesses of ladies and children, which she is prepared to do in the best style. Mrs. B. is thoroughly acquainted with the art, takes beautiful pictures, and will doubtless receive many calls from ladies wishing likenesses, as they will naturally prefer to be waited upon by one of their own sex, and must feel inclined to support this new step in the right direction towards the establishment of woman's rights and the equality of the sexes.

Grand Circus Exhibition.—Messrs. Dixon & Kemp's grand consolidated circus, an union of two companies, one English and the other American, will be exhibited here on Tuesday next. The national rivalry of these performers induces all to do their utmost, and as each company contains many excellent performers, the exhibition will be, perhaps, the best ever seen here. The celebrated star Calipso, a monstrous, mammoth steam organ, which can be heard several miles, and is said to make excellent music, accompanies this circus; also two splendid brass bands. We have no room to say more, but for further particulars refer the reader to the advertisements in another column.

Postscript.—We are desired to give notice that in consequence of the storm on Tuesday evening last the Convention, or Rehearsal of the Summit City Harmonic Society has been postponed until Monday evening next, May 10th.

Tobacco, Whiskey & Pattern R.—The business on this road shows a gratifying increase. The receipts for the past April as compared with April, 1857, are—

| | April, 1857 | April, 1858. |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Passengers | \$17,872.94 | \$21,635.09 |
| Freight | 20,170.93 | 68,061.34 |
| Mail and Exp. | 4,253.00 | 9,973.00 |
| Total | \$42,296.87 | \$99,669.43 |
| Increase | | \$43,015.15 |

Official Vote at the Fort Wayne City Election, May 4th, 1858.

| | 1st Ward | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | Total |
|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| McGee | 162 | 156 | 189 | 52 | 70 | 629 |
| G. Christlieb | 19 | 36 | 68 | 15 | 27 | 216 |
| McGee's majority | | | | | | 443 |
| Clerk | | | | | | |
| J. H. Wolfe | 56 | 121 | 164 | 26 | 40 | 417 |
| J. C. Davis | 106 | 113 | 112 | 87 | 38 | 476 |
| Davis's majority | | | | | | 57 |
| Street Comr. | | | | | | |
| C. Baker | 128 | 145 | 161 | 32 | 62 | 528 |
| J. Ryan | 34 | 75 | 91 | 77 | 32 | 312 |
| Baker's majority | | | | | | 216 |
| School Trustees | | | | | | |
| W. Rockhill | 181 | 239 | 366 | 111 | 160 | 957 |
| J. E. Miller | 235 | 148 | 166 | 33 | 43 | 525 |
| J. T. Tigner | 121 | 161 | 162 | 39 | 41 | 324 |
| J. S. Lewis | 62 | 96 | 119 | 36 | 62 | 375 |
| Three Trustees elected | | | | | | |
| For Gas | 66 | 158 | 187 | 78 | 71 | 555 |
| Against Gas | 105 | 62 | 51 | 10 | 20 | 248 |
| Majority in favor of Gas | | | | | | 306 |
| COMMON COUNCILMEN. | | | | | | |
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| J. M. Miller | 134 | | | | | 134 |
| B. F. Tower | 114 | | | | | 114 |
| Miller's majority | | | | | | 20 |
| J. F. Fieffeler | 166 | | | | | 166 |
| B. C. Schmidt | 80 | | | | | 80 |
| Fieffeler's majority | | | | | | 86 |
| O. D. Hurd | 72 | | | | | 72 |
| C. Anderson | 40 | | | | | 40 |
| Hurd's majority | | | | | | 32 |
| C. Baker | 95 | | | | | 95 |
| No question | | | | | | |

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| J. T. Tigner | 121 | 161 | 162 | 39 | 41 | 324 |
| J. S. Lewis | 62 | 96 | 119 | 36 | 62 | 375 |
| Three Trustees elected | | | | | | |
| For Gas | 66 | 158 | 187 | 78 | 71 | 555 |
| Against Gas | 105 | 62 | 51 | 10 | 20 | 248 |
| Majority in favor of Gas | | | | | | 306 |
| COMMON COUNCILMEN. | | | | | | |
| 1st Ward—J. S. Irwin | 111 | | | | | 111 |
| G. Collier | 67 | | | | | 67 |
| J. M. Miller | 134 | | | | | 134 |
| B. F. Tower | 114 | | | | | 114 |
| Miller's majority | | | | | | 20 |
| J. F. Fieffeler | 166 | | | | | 166 |
| B. C. Schmidt | 80 | | | | | 80 |
| Fieffeler's majority | | | | | | 86 |
| O. D. Hurd | 72 | | | | | 72 |
| C. Anderson | 40 | | | | | 40 |
| Hurd's majority | | | | | | 32 |
| C. Baker | 95 | | | | | 95 |
| No question | | | | | | |

A copy of Mr. English's bill will be found in our first page, which we commend to the attention of our readers. We have no room for any further remarks this week—nor do we suppose any are required. There has been enough already said on the matter.

Official Vote at the Fort Wayne City Election, May 4th, 1858.

| | 1st Ward | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | Total |
|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| McGee | 162 | 156 | 189 | 52 | 70 | 629 |
| G. Christlieb | 19 | 36 | 68 | 15 | 27 | 216 |
| McGee's majority | | | | | | 443 |
| Clerk | | | | | | |
| J. H. Wolfe | 56 | 121 | 164 | 26 | 40 | 417 |
| J. C. Davis | 106 | 113 | 112 | 87 | 38 | 476 |
| Davis's majority | | | | | | 57 |
| Street Comr. | | | | | | |
| C. Baker | 128 | 145 | 161 | 32 | 62 | 528 |
| J. Ryan | 34 | 75 | 91 | 77 | 32 | 312 |
| Baker's majority | | | | | | 216 |
| School Trustees | | | | | | |
| W. Rockhill | 181 | 239 | 366 | 111 | 160 | 957 |
| J. E. Miller | 235 | 148 | 166 | 33 | 43 | 525 |
| J. T. Tigner | 121 | 161 | 162 | 39 | 41 | 324 |
| J. S. Lewis | 62 | 96 | 119 | 36 | 62 | 375 |
| Three Trustees elected | | | | | | |
| For Gas | 66 | 158 | 187 | 78 | 71 | 555 |
| Against Gas | 105 | 62 | 51 | 10 | 20 | 248 |
| Majority in favor of Gas | | | | | | 306 |
| COMMON COUNCILMEN. | | | | | | |
| 1st Ward—J. S. Irwin | 111 | | | | | 111 |
| G. Collier | 67 | | | | | 67 |
| J. M. Miller | 134 | | | | | 134 |
| B. F. Tower | 114 | | | | | 114 |
| Miller's majority | | | | | | 20 |
| J. F. Fieffeler | 166 | | | | | 166 |
| B. C. Schmidt | 80 | | | | | 80 |
| Fieffeler's majority | | | | | | 86 |
| O. D. Hurd | 72 | | | | | 72 |
| C. Anderson | 40 | | | | | 40 |
| Hurd's majority | | | | | | 32 |
| C. Baker | 95 | | | | | 95 |
| No question | | | | | | |

A copy of Mr. English's bill will be found in our first page, which we commend to the attention of our readers. We have no room for any further remarks this week—nor do we suppose any are required. There has been enough already said on the matter.

Official Vote at the Fort Wayne City Election, May 4th, 1858.

| | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| B. F. Fowler 114 | Miller's maj. 20. |
| J. Feilinger 166 | |
| Dr C. Schmitz 80 | Feilinger's maj. 76 |
| W. D. Hurl 72 | |
| C. Anderson 40 | Hurl's maj. 32. |
| C. Baker 55. | No opposition. |

Great Fraud.—We have received a communication, says the Cleveland Herald, dated Newburg, relative to a pretended association "American Homestead Land Company," the headquarters are located at Washington

CIRCULAR.

On the first day of July, 1857, B. A. Fainestock, and George W. Fainestock, of Philadelphia, Pa., A. B. Hull, of New-York, and J. L. Schwartz, of Pittsburgh, re-associated themselves for a further term of business, under the style and firm, as heretofore, of

B. A. FAINESTOCK & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
 B. A. FAINESTOCK & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
 B. A. FAINESTOCK, HULL & Co., New-York City.

In each of which three cities we continue our Wholesale Drug Business in all its branches.

Particular attention will be given to the importation of proprietary articles from abroad; and a full stock of well-established popular remedies will be kept constantly for sale. Orders for our

B. A. FARNESWICK'S well-known Vermorel (the word we use the **SOLE PROPRIETORS** and **EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS**) should be addressed to either of the above-named establishments.

We continue the manufacture of **White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge**, at Pittsburgh.

Spring & Summer Clothing.
Catharine st., two doors south of Haver's.

C. G. VOCEI, respectfully informs his numerous friends that he has just received from New York, a large stock of **Spring and Summer Clothing**, consisting of

GREAT BARGAINS
IN THE GROCERY LINE.

WE have just received a new stock that was sold at a low price, such as you would not expect to find.

A good assortment of **Wine, Beer, &c.** at a low price.

Call on **W. G. VOCEI**, at the corner of Catharine and Haver's streets.

[illegible]

ON MANTHOOD.
AND ITS PREMATURE DECLINE.
Just Published, Guitis, the 20th Thousand.

A FEW WORDS ON THE
Rational Theoretician,
and his medicine,
as authorities of Lord W. R.
narrate, National Congress
General and National
Legislature, and Impo-
tency, and leprosy, generally, by

B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints are cured by

18,000 Peach Trees
of the very best leading varieties. A superior quality
STANDARD & DWARF TREES THREE

is in its small neat, compact dimensions; and its convenience and light weight make it an indispensable adjunct by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every eye is enabled to see *clearly* precisely out of the misty part of the eye, thereby avoiding a full and complete cure of the eye.

Send to any address, *gratis* and *post* free a small descriptive pamphlet (with picture) of this new & unique eye by DR. LANEY, 33 East 21st Street, New York City.

THE GREATEST
MEDICAL

[illegible]

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst
canker in the stomach.
Three or five bottles are warranted to cure the
worst kind of Erysipelas.
One or two bottles are warranted to cure all
burns in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure itching of the
nose and throat among the hylic.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure eczema
and itching skin.
One bottle will cure every eruption of the skin.
Four or three bottles are warranted to cure the
worst kind of ringworm.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure all
itching eruptions of the skin.
Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of others that it was caused by a canker in the stomach.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure a sick headache.

One in two bottles are warranted to regulate the action of the bowels.

One bottle will regulate all disarrangement of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst case of indigestion.

One to three bottles have cured the worst case of piles. Relief is always experienced. 75 and 50 cts. a bottle.

Since its first discovery, I have from time to time

1. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of dietetics, and the uses of food. 2. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of hygiene, and the uses of the various agencies of health. 3. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of medicine, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 4. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of surgery, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 5. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of obstetrics, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 6. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of pediatrics, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 7. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of gynecology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 8. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of ophthalmology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 9. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of otology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 10. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of laryngology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 11. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of rhinology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 12. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of dermatology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 13. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of syphilology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 14. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of leprology, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 15. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of tuberculosis, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 16. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of cancer, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 17. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of diabetes, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 18. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of gout, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 19. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of rheumatism, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 20. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of epilepsy, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 21. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of hysteria, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 22. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of melancholia, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 23. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of mania, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 24. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of dementia, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 25. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of paralysis, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 26. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of convulsions, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 27. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of apoplexy, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 28. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of hemorrhage, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 29. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of aneurysm, and the uses of the various agencies of cure. 30. It is the duty of the physician to be conversant with the principles of cancer, and the uses of the various agencies of cure.

[illegible]

"So much for the harm between which and the
adder there is a horn, however, so much so
that you will not touch him that has the
horn about him."

No change of diet ever necessary—the best
food for the horse is the best for the
driver.

Directions for Use. Adults, one table-spoonful
per day—Children from ten years, double amount.
As directions can be applicable to all conditions,
such sufficient to operate on the bowels twice
a day.

MANUFACTURED BY
DONALD KENNEDY
No. 120 Warren avenue, Roxbury, Mass.
Price 81 cts

[illegible]

W. Jacobs,
Prof. Ascher,
Dr. Ayres.

For Persons desiring instruments tuned can leave their address at C. L. Hall's Book Store, or at the Post Office, Box 299.
March 29th, 1883.

THE MUSTACHE QUESTION BECIDE
 Kato has mustache, too, such hair
 Makes every man look like a bear."
 But Zangy, who n't thought can fatter,
 Merits eat: "The more like bears the better
 I mean," his pretty shoulders shrugging,
 Repeats even glorious things for hugging."

Cooking Stoves—Cooking in the best manner, with great durability and economy. This is warranted to be
The Best and most complete Cooking Stove now made, and by a peculiar arrangement of its flues, the heat may be all retained in the stove and the room kept cool and comfortable. A great saving is thus effected, and the comfort of those who use the stove secured. Housekeepers are invited to call and examine this triumph of modern civilization.
Solely by **A. B. BRANDRIF, JR.**
July 21, 1877. *Agent for the Golden State*

Dr. Thos. H. Cavanaugh, - Doct. Sir, - The preparation, Cavanaugh's Pile Syringe, which you furnished, I found of great service, producing an easy and speedy cure. I feel free to recommend it as an available remedy for "Piles."
Respectfully, RICHARD FATES.

At Price \$1 per Box. For sale at Fort Wayne by
Wall & Messer, H. B. Reed & Co., J. C. Winston,
Smith and Breckenridge, Meier & Co., Nill, and H. G. Wagner, and by Druggists and dealers generally.

37-19

OILS! OILS!
INSEED OIL, **Lard Oil,** **Bark Oil,** **Sperm Oil,**
Tanners' Oil, **Corn Oil,** **Sweet Oil,** **Castor Oil,**
 and all Chemical and Economical Oils, for sale at
WHOLESALE and RETAIL:
MEYER & BROTHER,
 Druggists, N. 257 Columbia Street.

CARPETS. 20 piece 2 and 3 ply Carpets.
 12 " Oil Cloth.
 10 " Floor Matting.
B. R. SCH WEGMAN.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.
From the twenty years experience of S. McLachlan
and the above business, the last three of which were
with Messrs. Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we
are confident that we can make it the interest of
our customers to give us a call.
Old bottles bought and sold on the most favorable
terms.
Repairs promptly attended to.

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.
 I AGENTS of Blinds in Toledo and other places.
 and their agents here represent their work
 paper than any made here. To those in want of
 articles, we would say we are prepared to furn-
 a BETTER WORK at prices that will compare all
 time with any made abroad, and respectfully in-
 vite a call.
 H. HUMPHREY & BIRD.
 Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y63.

PILL & JACOBS keep on hand the following
 sizes of Printing paper of superior quality:-
 1632, 2234, 2434, 2415K, 25x38, 26x40.
 Port Wayne, May 8th, 1857

PRINTING INK.
 JUST received at PILL'S BOOK STORE, suit a
 supply of Lithographic celebrated News Ink-
 25lb, 30lb and 60 lb kegs.
 Cathoon street, Dec 1856.